received during summer months from some villages located at the tail end of the distribution system and at higher elevation. The problem is sometimes aggrevated by power failures at Tubewells and boosting stations and by the low yield of tubewells in some villages. Various steps have been taken for augmentation of water supply in Delhi including villages of outer Delhi both on long-term and short-term basis. Following works/schemes have been taken in hand:—

(i) Construction of 2nd 100 MGD Water Treatment Plant at Haiderpur which has already been started.

(ii) Construction of 40 MGD Water Treatment Plant at Nangloi for which the work is under award.

(iii) Construction of 20 MGD Water Treatment Plant at Bawana. The proposal has been approved by Government of India recently.

(iv) Construction of 5 Ranney Wells in Block. The works are in progress.

(v) Construction of additional tubewells.

(vi) Construction of underground reservoir and boosting station.

At present, it is not technically feasible to provide sewerage facilities in rural villages of Outer Delhi.

Delhi Electric Supply Undertaking has informed that all the villages in Delhi and electrified.

The Municipal Corporation of Delhi has formalised a detailed scheme for providing civic amenities in rural villages like roads, paths, lanes, storm-water drains, community halls, community latrines and street lighting. It has also formulated a scheme for the construction of outfall drains to improve the hygenic conditions of village ponds, disposal of pond water, reclamation of pond land and its development. Work is being executed against approved schemes according to availability of funds.

Scheme to open C.G.H.S. Dispensary in Rohini

4444. SHRI SAJJAN KUMAR : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to open a C.G.H.S. dispensary in Rohini, New Delhi for the benefit of Government employees residing there; and

(b) if so, when the said dispensary is likely to start functioning?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARA DEVI SIDDHARTHA): (a) and (b) No, Sir. However the Central Government employees residing at Sector 9, 13, 14 and Pocket A-I, A-II of Sector 3, Rohini are attached to Pitam Pura dispensary. Government employees living in other localities of Rohini are covered under the C.S. (MA) Rules.

Compulsory Moral Education in Schools

4445. SHRI RAJENDRA KUMAR SHARMA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have formulated any scheme to declare moral education in schools as compulsory subject;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the contribution made by NCERT in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) to (c) Moral education is a holistic concept

giving stress on certain fundamental values to be inculcated. Compulsory moral education presupposes that consciousness of these essential values should permeate the whole curriculum and programme of activities in the school. The cultivation of social and moral values has been dealt with as a major concern in the National Policy of Education-1986 and the National Curriculum for Elementary and Secondary Education-A Framework brought out by the NCERT. An attempt has been made to integrate the various elements of values education in the Guidelines and Syllabi prepared by the NCERT for all stages of school education.

[English]

Progress Made Regarding Vocational Education

4446. SHRI MUKUL BALKRISHNA WASNIK: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the progress made in providing vocational education as was contemplated in the National Policy on Education 1986 State-wise;

(b) whether the Government have any plan to improve the quality and coverage of vocational education; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) In pursuance of the priorities accorded to the Programme of Vocationalisation in the National Policy on Education 1986, the Centrally Sponsored Scheme of Vocationalisation of Secondary Education at plus two level was started with effect from February, 1988. Financial assistance has been provided by the Central Government to 23 States and 4 Union Territories for starting 10302 vocational sections in 3755 schools upto the end of 1990-91. A State-wise list of number of vocational sections sanctioned to each State and Union Territory is at given in statement below.

(b) and (c) A Joint Council of Vocational Education under the Chairmanship of the Union Education Minister has been set up at the national level to ensure proper planning and co-ordination of the programmes. A Standing Committee of the JCVE which would meet as frequently as required and ensure that the tasks laid down are effectively performed has also been set up under the Chairmanship of the Union Education Secretary. In order to improve the quality of the Vocational Education Programme the Scheme envisages setting up of management structure by the State Government at the Directorate level, at the level of SCERT/SIVE and also at the district level. Academic resource support is provided by the NCERT/SCERTs in designing courses, development of curricula, instructional material and textbooks, teachers' training/orientation programmes.

Further expansion of the Programme would depend upon the availability of funds after meeting the commitment for the already approved programmes.

STATEMENT

Sl. No.	*Name of the State/UT*	*No. of vocational sections*	*No. of schools*
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	979	537
2	Arunachal Pradesh	..	..